



JOINT INDUSTRY BOARD OF THE ELECTRICAL INDUSTRY

158-11 HARRY VAN ARSDALE JR. AVENUE • FLUSHING, N.Y. 11365

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**Re: Pension Protection Act ("PPA") 2020 Annual Funding Notice
The Pension, Hospitalization and Benefit Plan of the Electrical
Industry – Pension Trust Fund**

Dear Employer:

Enclosed please find the Pension Protection Act of 2006 ("PPA") 2020 Annual Funding Notice for Pension, Hospitalization and Benefit Plan of the Electrical Industry – Pension Trust Fund ("the Plan").

In compliance with federal law, the Plan is required to furnish the enclosed notice to you, and will also be providing it to the following entities:

- Each participant covered under the plan on the last day of the plan year to which the notice relates;
- Each beneficiary receiving benefits under the plan on the last day of the plan year to which the notice relates;
- Each labor organization representing participants under the plan on the last day of the plan year to which the notice relates;
- The Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation ("PBGC"); and
- Each employer that, as of the last day of the plan year to which the notice relates, is a party to the collective bargaining agreement(s) pursuant to which the plan is maintained or who otherwise may be subject to withdrawal liability pursuant to ERISA §4023.

If you have any further questions, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

Scott Feldman
Director of Administration

ANNUAL FUNDING NOTICE

**For The
Pension, Hospitalization and Benefit Plan of the
Electrical Industry – Pension Trust Fund**

Introduction

This notice includes important information about the funding status of your multiemployer pension plan (the “Plan”). It also includes general information about the benefit payments guaranteed by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (“PBGC”), a federal insurance agency. All traditional pension plans (called “defined benefit pension plans”) must provide this notice every year regardless of their funding status. This notice does not mean that the Plan is terminating. It is provided for informational purposes and you are not required to respond in any way. This notice is required by federal law. This notice is for the plan year beginning October 1, 2020 and ending September 30, 2021 (“Plan Year”).

How Well Funded Is Your Plan

The law requires the administrator of the Plan to tell you how well the Plan is funded using a measure called the “funded percentage.” The Plan divides its assets by its liabilities on the Valuation Date for the plan year to get this percentage. In general, the higher the percentage, the better funded the plan. The Plan’s funded percentage for the Plan Year and each of the two preceding plan years is shown in the chart below. The chart also states the value of the Plan’s assets and liabilities for the same period.

Funded Percentage			
	2020 Plan Year	2019 Plan Year	2018 Plan Year
Valuation Date	October 1	October 1	October 1
Funded Percentage	85.4%	86.2%	85.4%
Value of Assets	\$4,128,759,593	\$3,939,582,509	\$3,756,187,602
Value of Liabilities	\$4,834,748,266	\$4,569,565,205	\$4,398,579,638

Year-End Fair Market Value of Assets

The asset values in the chart above are measured as of the Valuation Date. They also are “actuarial values.” Actuarial values differ from market values in that they do not fluctuate daily based on changes in the stock or other markets. Actuarial values smooth out those fluctuations and can allow for more predictable levels of future contributions. Despite the fluctuations, market values tend to show a clearer picture of a plan’s funded status at a given point in time. The net asset values in the chart below are market values and are measured on the last day of the Plan Year. The chart also includes the year-end market value of the Plan’s net assets for each of the two preceding plan years. Please note that the 2021 net assets are based on the most current unaudited financial statement, which is subject to change.

	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019
Fair Market Value of Assets	\$4,753,199,528	\$4,019,192,497	\$3,873,748,710

Critical or Endangered Status

Under federal pension law, a plan generally is in “endangered” status if its funded percentage is less than 80 percent. A plan is in “critical” status if the funded percentage is less than 65 percent (other factors may also apply). A plan is in “critical and declining” status if it is in critical status and is projected to become insolvent (run out of money to pay benefits) within 15 years (or within 20 years if a special rule applies). If a pension plan enters endangered status, the trustees of the plan are required to adopt a funding improvement plan. Similarly, if a pension plan enters critical status or critical and declining status, the trustees of the plan are required to adopt a rehabilitation plan. Funding improvement and rehabilitation plans establish steps and benchmarks for pension plans to improve their funding status over a specified period of time. The plan sponsor of a plan in critical and declining status may apply for approval to amend the plan to reduce current and future payment obligations to participants and beneficiaries.

The Plan was not in endangered, critical or critical and declining status in the Plan Year.

Participant Information

The total number of participants and beneficiaries covered by the Plan on the valuation date was 40,828. Of this number, 18,803 were active participants, 13,046 were retired and receiving benefits, and 8,979 were no longer working and have a right to future benefits.

Funding & Investment Policies

Every pension plan must have a procedure to establish a funding policy for plan objectives. A funding policy relates to how much money is needed to pay promised benefits. The funding policy of the Plan is that the plan is funded by contributions made by employers pursuant to collective bargaining and other written agreements with the allocation of contributions being determined by the Board of Trustees.

Pension Plans also have investment policies. These generally are written guidelines or general instructions for making management decisions. The investment policy of the Plan is that once money is contributed to the Plan, the money is invested at the direction of the Trustees, with the assistance of the Plan consultant and other financial professionals. Specific investments are made in accordance with the Plan’s investment policy statement. The investment policy is a document providing the fiduciaries responsible for plan investments with guidelines, objectives and policies governing investment management decisions. The investment policy of the Plan contains the long term asset mix of the Plan. The asset mix targets are currently up to 43% publicly traded equities, up to 36% fixed income, up to 10% real estate equity and up to 11% alternative investments. These percentages are targets and actual allocations will vary based upon market conditions.

Under the Plan’s investment policy, the Plan’s investments were allocated among the following categories as of the end of the Plan Year. These allocations are percentages of total investments:

Investment Allocations	Percentage
1. Cash and cash equivalents	1.84%
2. U.S. government securities	11.76%
3. Corporate debt instruments	
Other	16.21%
4. Corporate stocks	
Common	26.33%
5. Partnership interests	17.46%
6. Value of interest in common/collective trusts	26.26%
7. Other	.14%

For information about the Plan’s investment in any of the following types of investments as described in the chart above contact the Joint Industry Board of the Electrical Industry, 158-11 Harry Van Arsdale Jr. Avenue, Flushing, NY 11365; 718-591-2000.

Right to Request a Copy of the Annual Report

Pension plans must file annual reports with the US Department of Labor. The report is called the “Form 5500.” These reports contain financial and other information. You may obtain an electronic copy of your Plan’s annual report by going to www.efast.dol.gov and using the search tool. Annual reports also are available from the US Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration’s Public Disclosure Room at 200 Constitution Avenue, NW, Room N-1513, Washington, DC 20210, or by calling 202.693.8673. Or you may obtain a copy of the Plan’s annual report by making a written request to the plan administrator. Annual reports do not contain personal information, such as the amount of your accrued benefit. You may contact your plan administrator if you want information about your accrued benefits. Your plan administrator is identified on the next page under “Where to Get More Information.”

Summary of Rules Governing Plans in Reorganization and Insolvent Plans

Federal law has a number of special rules that apply to financially troubled multiemployer plans that become insolvent, either as ongoing plans or plans terminated by mass withdrawal. The plan administrator is required by law to include a summary of these rules in the annual funding notice. A plan is insolvent for a plan year if its available financial resources are not sufficient to pay benefits when due for that plan year. An insolvent plan must reduce benefit payments to the highest level that can be paid from the plan’s available resources. If such resources are not enough to pay benefits at the level specified by law (see Benefit Payments Guaranteed by the PBGC, below), the plan must apply to the PBGC for financial assistance. The PBGC will loan the plan the amount necessary to pay benefits at the guaranteed level. Reduced benefits may be restored if the plan’s financial condition improves.

A plan that becomes insolvent must provide prompt notice of its status to participants and beneficiaries, contributing employers, labor unions representing participants, and PBGC. In addition, participants and beneficiaries also must receive information regarding whether, and how, their benefits will be reduced or affected, including loss of a lump-sum option.

Benefit Payments Guaranteed by the PBGC

The maximum benefit that the PBGC guarantees is set by law. Only benefits that you have earned a right to receive and that cannot be forfeited (called vested benefits) are guaranteed. There are separate insurance programs with different benefit guarantees and other provisions for single-employer plans and multiemployer plans. Your Plan is covered by PBGC's multiemployer program. Specifically, the PBGC guarantees a monthly benefit payment equal to 100 percent of the first \$11 of the Plan's monthly benefit accrual rate, plus 75 percent of the next \$33 of the accrual rate, times each year of credited service. The PBGC's maximum guarantee, therefore, is \$35.75 per month times a participant's years of credited service.

Example 1: If a participant with 10 years of credited service has an accrued monthly benefit of \$600, the accrual rate for purposes of determining the PBGC guarantee would be determined by dividing the monthly benefit by the participant's years of service ($\$600/10$), which equals \$60. The guaranteed amount for a \$60 monthly accrual rate is equal to the sum of \$11 plus $\$24.75$ ($.75 \times \$33$), or \$35.75. Thus, the participant's guaranteed monthly benefit is $\$357.50$ ($\$35.75 \times 10$).

Example 2: If the participant in Example 1 has an accrued monthly benefit of \$200, the accrual rate for purposes of determining the guarantee would be \$20 (or $\$200/10$). The guaranteed amount for a \$20 monthly accrual rate is equal to the sum of \$11 plus $\$6.75$ ($.75 \times \$9$), or \$17.75. Thus, the participant's guaranteed monthly benefit would be $\$177.50$ ($\$17.75 \times 10$).

The PBGC guarantees pension benefits payable at normal retirement age and some early retirement benefits. In addition, the PBGC guarantees qualified preretirement survivor benefits (which are preretirement death benefits payable to the surviving spouse of a participant who dies before starting to receive benefit payments). In calculating a person's monthly payment, the PBGC will disregard any benefit increases that were made under a plan within 60 months before the earlier of the plan's termination or insolvency (or benefits that were in effect for less than 60 months at the time of termination or insolvency). Similarly, the PBGC does not guarantee benefits above the normal retirement benefit, disability benefits not in pay status, or non-pension benefits, such as health insurance, life insurance, death benefits, vacation pay, or severance pay.

For additional information about the PBGC and the pension insurance program guarantees, go to the Multiemployer Page on PBGC's website at www.pbgc.gov/multiemployer. Please contact your employer or plan administrator for specific information about your pension plan or pension benefit. PBGC does not have that information. See "Where to Get More Information About Your Plan," below.

Where to Get More Information

For more information about this notice, you may contact the Joint Industry Board of the Electrical Industry, 158-11 Harry Van Arsdale Jr. Avenue, Flushing, NY 11365; 718-591-2000. For identification purposes, the official plan number is 001 and the plan sponsor's employer identification number or "EIN" is 13-6123601. For more information about the PBGC and benefit guarantees, go to PBGC's website, www.pbgc.gov.